Alright. よし this is junmaishu, but this does not taste like junmaishu at all. Alright. Cheers, man. 全然純米酒の味がしないのが面白い よし 乾杯 I thought it has like the alcohol in it. The official start of the episode. アルコールが入っているような気がした ここから正式にスタートだね I don't remember this actually being For those of you who don't know, 安かったような気もしないし 変だな 知らない人のために言っておくと cheap either though, so weird. we were just chatting for like, 僕たちさっきちょっと喋ってたんです Yeah, actually it tastes like shochu. うん 焼酎っぽい味 well, not very long, but yeah, まぁそんなに長い時間ではないけど Okay, before we go, ちょっと待って 始める前に It's not too bad. 悪くはないね I want to see the... Whoa. That is quite the different taste. Oh, it's the same amount of alcohol though, かなり変わった味だね あ アルコールの量同じだ How would you describe this one? so it's not like heavier. この味どう表現する? だからより強いってわけじゃない Oh, it feels Yeah. It's got a bite to it. そうだなぁ うん 刺激があるね I would say kind of like a whiskey. Yeah. Alright, man. ウイスキーっぽいと思う そうだね Yeah. It's all right. I like it. うん まぁ美味しいよ It has like a distilled taste to it. Okay. 蒸留酒のような味がする

It's funny coz it says that

純米酒と書いてあるのに

そうか

Yeah.

うん

Cool. So, Austin, I have a cough. I'm sorry. じゃあオースティン 咳が出るんだ ごめんね

So now that we've been talking about 日本酒がいかに不味いかについて話したから

how bad the sake is,

I didn't say it was bad. 不味いとは言ってないよ

I said it was bad. I don't like it. 僕が言った 僕は好きじゃない

But what's our main topic for today? それで 今日のメイントピックは?

Money. お金

I always think of ABBA. いつもABBAが思い浮かぶ

So the first thing we need to talk about 最初に話すべきことは

is what's the hand signal for money in America? アメリカではお金を表すジェスチャーは何?

This, right? これだよね?

And in Japan? 日本では?

And what does this mean in America?

そしてアメリカではこれは何を意味する?

'Okay.' 「オーケー」

'Okay' or it can mean 'a**hole'. 「オーケー」か「嫌な奴」

At least where I'm from, you never see. 少なくとも僕が住んでいるところでは見たことない

Coz when I was in school, 僕が学生の頃は

people would do this as like a joke みんな冗談でこれをやってたよ

because it's A, you know. 形がほら..

Oh, really? そうなの?

When you wanted to be offensive こっちは相手を攻撃したい時は

you just give them the finger. 中指を立てるだけだよ

Yeah, that's true. Thanks, man. その通りだね 中指ありがとう

Anyways, so we're going to be talking about money,

まぁとにかく今日はお金について

particularly about how money 特に日本とアメリカでお金に対する見方が

is seen in Japan versus the United States.

どう違うのかについて話そう

Yeah. You know, it's kind of funny, うん 面白いのは

I think I want to start this off まずお金に関して多くの日本人が

with talking about a stereotype that I think 特にアメリカ人に対して抱いている

a lot of Japanese people hold for 固定観念について話すと

specifically Americans, when it comes to money.

They think that Americans don't care about money 彼らはアメリカ人はお金に無関心で

and are not responsible with money. お金に対して責任感がないと思ってるんだ

Okay. うん

Yeah, I mean,

それでそれについてどう思う?

and how do you feel about that?

So, I think... そうだな

I mean, I definitely feel like どうしてそう思われるのかは

I can understand where that's coming from. 確かに理解できる気がする

I mean, I don't think it's true, first of all. まず第一にそれは真実じゃないとは思ってる But I think I can understand でもどうしてそう思われるのかは

where they would get that わかる気がするんだ

because I think the type of person moving to Japan だってアメリカから日本に移住する

from America, タイプの人は

I think doesn't follow 伝統的な移民のイメージとは

the traditional immigrant persona. 違うと思うからね

Right? And what do I mean by that? どういう意味かと言うと

So let's talk about a person coming to America 外国からアメリカに来る人について言うと

from another country.

Usually they're coming there 大体はより良い生活を

for the purpose of building a better life. 築く目的でそこに来るよね

They're coming from nothing 彼らは何も持たずにやって来て

and they're trying to make themselves. 自力で成功しようとする

Well, specifically

でもここに移住してくるアメリカ人の多くは

a lot of Americans moving here

are not struggling financially. 経済的に困ってなくて

They're not struggling. 経済的に苦しんでるわけじゃない

They're not trying to necessarily 必ずしも日本に来ることで

build a better life by coming to Japan. 生活水準を上げようとしてるわけではない

They're coming here for the experience. 経験のために来てるからね

So when a lot of Americans come over here, だからアメリカ人が日本に来ると

they spend money very frivolously 多くの人は色んなこと無駄遣いをする

on a lot of stuff like,

'Oh, you know, I'm going on this trip. 「ここに旅行行くんだ

I'm going partying every weekend. 毎週末パーティーに行って楽しむんだ

I'm going and having fun.

I'm spending all my money. お金を全部使っちゃおう

Oh, I'm broke. Yeah, that's okay.' あぁお金がない まぁでも大丈夫」みたいな It's very much like すごく気楽な態度だから

kind of very carefree attitude.

And I think that, from a Japanese perspective, 日本人の視点から見ると

they tend to look at Americans like,

Dude, do you guys just not save money? 「お金貯めないの?

Like, do you not care about money? お金のことどうでもいいの?」と思われるんだ

Yeah. うん

What do you think? どう思う?

Yeah, I mean, I would say, 僕は

I feel like the way that people think about money お金に対する人々の考え方が

is fundamentally different. 根本的に違うように感じるよ

And I think in Japan, 日本ではお金を貯める方が一般的で

it's more common for people

to save money.

And in the States, アメリカでは

it's more common for people to use money. お金を使う方が一般的

And by 'use', I don't necessarily mean 'spend'. 「使う」といっても 必ずしも「費やす」

That also includes investing. という意味ではなく投資も含んでね

And up until recently 最近まで

there hasn't been much investing in Japan. 日本では投資することは一般的じゃなかった

Now it's starting to pick up with the NISA 今ではNISAとかで盛り上がってきてるけどね

and everything,

which dude, I'm telling you

if you haven't done it, もしまだやってないなら

even just 50 bucks a month 月に50ドルでも

100 bucks a month 100ドルでもやれば

it makes a huge difference 数年後に大きな違いになる

yeah after a few years.

But one way that this really kind of hit me でも本当に衝撃を受けたのは

is with credit cards. クレカについてで

Yes. そうだね

When I came to Japan 日本に来て

and I got my first credit card, I hated it. 初めてクレカを作ったとき すごく嫌だった

Well, I still actually hate credit cards here, but 今でもクレカは嫌いだけど

I'm gonna sneeze. くしゃみするね

Okay. わかった

So like

アメリカのクレカは通常どういう仕組み?

how do American credit cards work normally?

Well, I don't know how they work normally. 通常がどうか分からないけど

I'm just gonna describe アメリカのクレカの仕組みを説明すると

how American credit cards work.

So how Americans view credit cards is アメリカ人がクレカをどう捉えているかといえば

we're trying to build up our line of credit. 信用枠を増やそうとしてるんだ

A line of credit is basically 信用枠っていうのは

you have this like number rating 銀行から与えられる

that you're given by a bank 数字の評価のようなもので

and basically the higher number 基本的に数字が高ければ高いほど

the better access to loans. 融資を受けやすくなって

Yeah. うん

it's like your reputation. 評判みたいなものだよね

Yeah, it's like your financial reputation. そう 経済的な評判みたいなもんで

And so we're taught this 僕たちは幼いころから

from a very young age

that you should get a credit card 18歳になったらすぐにクレカを作って

as soon as you're 18

and responsibly spend it every month. 毎月責任を持って使うべきだと教えられてきた

Do you know what your credit score is? 自分のクレジットスコアが何点か分かる?

No, I haven't looked in years. いや 何年も見てない

I haven't had any reason to ever need one.

これまでそれが必要なことがなかったからね

Yeah, right, right, right. そうだね

I still look at my credit score 僕はもう癖になってるから

just because it's still ingrained in me. 今でもクレジットスコアを見てるよ

I'm sure my credit is terrible. 僕のクレジットスコアはひどいと思う

Yeah. I mean, まぁまったく使わないと

well, if you don't use it at all,

then you have zero credit. クレジットはゼロになる

Oh, it's probably zero then. あぁそれなら多分ゼロだな

But I've always been really against, 僕は自分自身を信頼してないから

personally, I've never wanted credit cards クレカを欲しがったことはないし

because I don't trust myself. 個人的にずっと反対だった

Yeah, right. そうか

And also, I would say それに

American credit cards are especially dangerous

アメリカのクレカは特に危険で

because in America, その理由は

the way that most credit cards work is アメリカではほとんどのクレカには

you have a spending limit. 利用限度額があって

Let's say it's \$5,000. 例えばそれが5,000ドルだとしよう

Yep. うん

And you can use that card as much as you want その限度額に達するまでは

up until you get to that limit. そのカードを好きなだけ使えて

And then at the end, 新しい月になると

when it turns into a new month,

you have a balance. 利用可能額がまた増える

And for most American credit cards, それでアメリカのほとんどのクレカでは

they offer you to either pay the minimum balance, 最低額を支払うか

the minimum payment,

the whole balance, 全額を支払うか or you can set your payment in between. その間の支払い額を設定することもできる

Yeah. うん

But most credit cards in Japan, でも日本のほとんどのクレカでは

you have to pay the balance off. 残高を支払い切らないといけない

Yep. だね

Every time. You have to pay it off. 毎回返済しないといけない

Otherwise, you're going to get a fee, right? じゃないと手数料がかかる

And I found out that actually それでアメリカの最初のクレカの

the original credit cards in the United States, ダイナースクラブカードも同じだったらしい

the Diners Club cards worked that way too.

It was only Visa that kind of changed the system. VISAがその仕組みを変えただけなんだ

Okay. そうなんだ

And the American credit card system アメリカのクレカシステムは

is much more for people who are looking to invest 投資を考えている人とか

or to maybe get into debt for something 将来何かのために借金をしたい

in the future,

と思っている人向けで

whereas the Japanese credit card system is 日本のクレカシステムは

much more for, 「貯蓄をしたい」って思ってて

'I want to save.

I'm not actually going to build up debt. 借金を増やすつもりはなくて

I'm going to get rid of it every month.' 毎月支払うつもりって人向けなんだ

Yeah. うん

I think you can even kind of go into アメリカと日本のクレカ文化についても

credit card culture

with the United States and Japan.

So nowadays America is predominantly considered 今ではアメリカは主にキャッシュレス社会で

a cashless society.

You can go to the middle of America アメリカの中心部の小さな町に行っても

and like some small potent town,

and I guarantee you, basically anywhere you go 基本的にどこでも

will at the very minimum 最低限クレカリーダーはあるはず

have a credit card reader.

Right?

Most places will have different forms of currency ほとんどの場所では

that you can use. 色んな支払い方法がある

And in fact, そして実際

it's actually fairly common at this point 今となっては

to run into places that don't accept cash. 現金を受け付けない場所に遭遇することもよくある

Right?

Yeah. They can't even pay with cash. 現金で払うことすらできないよね

Yes. They will not accept cash. うん 現金は受け付けてないのも

That's actually becoming fairly common かなり一般的になりつつある

at this point.

Whereas in Japan, it's the complete opposite. 一方で日本では完全に逆で

It's improved over the past couple years, 過去数年で改善されてきたけど

but even 10 years ago, 10年前でさえ

it was really hard to go to restaurants
レストランでカード支払いできる場所は少なかっ
た

and pay with card.

You could go to a high-end restaurant 高級レストランとか

or just a a really popular restaurant 東京の中心部にあるすごく人気のレストランでも

in the middle of Tokyo,

and they would say, 「申し訳ございませんが

'Sorry, we only accept cash.' 現金のみのお支払いとなります」と言われること もあった

Yeah, right. そうだね

Right? でしょ?

And like you said, it is changing now, それでさっき言ってたように今は変わりつつある けど

but still, it's more like that. 未だにそういうことがあるよね What I find interesting though is でも興味深いのは

I see more and more stores that say 「クレジットカードは使えませんが

'We don't accept credit card 電子マネーは使えます」

but we accept denshi money, と言っている店が増えていることで

we accept e-money.' Right?

And in my mind I'm thinking それを見て僕は心の中で

'They both must have fees. 「どちらにも手数料がかかるはずなのに

Why are you choosing one instead of the other?' なんで片方だけなの?」って思うんだ

It's so crazy to me. まじおかしいよね

If anyone knows the answer to that, その理由を知っている方は

please let me know. ぜひ教えてください

Because this is one of 気になってることの一つなので

the things I'm thinking about.

But thinking about also でも人々のお金の使い方とか

how people spend money

and how people think about money お金についてどう考えるかを考えてると

and I'm sure you know まぁこれは

this is a huge general brush we're painting with 社会経済的レベルはそれぞれ違うし

because you have different socioeconomic levels お金に対する考え方は人それぞれだから

and inside すごくざっくりの話になるけど

everyone thinks about money differently.

But I would say that in Japan, 日本では

in the US too, アメリカでも

people are concerned about low prices 低価格を気にして

and get something if it's cheap. 安ければ買ったりすることはあるけど

But I feel like in Japan, 日本では

people are much more unabashed about, 「安いから買うよ」

'Oh, it's cheap, so I'm going to get it.' って恥ずかしがることもない気がする

I feel like in the States, アメリカでは it's like, 「ああ安いけど

'Oh, it's cheap,

but I want it because it's cheap. 安いから欲しいってだけで

Maybe I shouldn't get it, 多分買うべきじゃないけど

but I'm going to get it anyways.' まぁ買っちゃお」って感じ

Whereas in Japan, it's like, 日本では「安い!買います!」って即決なんだ

'Cheap, getting it.'

Yeah, and I think that, my opinion, うん 僕の考えでは

I feel like that kind of comes from like それは50年代とか60年代の戦後の影響だと思う

post-war Japan

the 50s and 60s,

where it's like, 当時はあまり物を手に入れることができなかった から

people just didn't have much access to resources

so you kind of just like...

if you saw a good deal on something, 何かお得なものがあったら

you picked it up

今は必要なくても

even if you didn't need it right now 将来必要になるかもしれないから買う

because you'll need it in the future. みたいな

And that's, you definitely see that mentality それで人の家に行くとよく

if you visit a lot of people's homes here

where they have like these hoarder mentalities 家の中が物でいっぱいになってることが多くて

where it's like

溜め込み癖があるなってはっきりと分かる

their house is just packed with stuff.

Right?

And you don't really see that in the US. アメリカではそんなことはあまりない

I mean, there are hoarders in the United States アメリカにも物を買い続ける

that keep on buying stuff, 買いだめ癖のある人もいるけど

but that's normally a sign of mental illness. それは大体精神疾患の兆候で

Yeah, it's not like a cultural thing. 文化的なものではないよね

Whereas here's much more cultural. 日本では文化的なこととしてあるけどね Yeah.

うん

And another thing that kind of あと今日このトピックに関して

I wanted to talk about today about the topic is 僕が話したいもう一つのことは

people's obsession with points. 日本人がポイントに執着していること

Oh yeah. それね

It's like points cards are a thing here. ポイントカードすごく人気だよね

And like people are very into them. そしてみんな夢中になってる

Yeah like so I'm not trying to うん 僕は妻を軽蔑するつもりはなくて

talk down on my wife

because these are just simply value differences, 単に価値観の違いなんだけど

but just the amount of time 彼女がポイントのために時間をたくさん費やして

she spends focusing on points,

'I need to get points.' 「ポイントを貯めなきゃ」とか

'I'm trying to get points.'

'Hey, Arthur, 「ねえアーサーこのクーポンを使った?

did you use this coupon?

Because you can get 0.5 % more points. 0.5%ポイントが追加でもらえるんだよ?

I'm going to get all these points.' 全部ポイントを貯めたい!」って言ってて

So much of the day is spent about, 1日の中でもすごく時間をかけて

well, not so much recently, まぁ最近はそれほどでもないけど

but for a long time, 長い間

so much was focused on ポイントを取ることに重点が置かれてた

'let's get these points'.

And in Japan too, 日本でもさ...

it's something that doesn't...

I don't understand this 僕には理解できないんだよ

because in the United States だってアメリカでも

they have point systems too, ポイントシステムはあるけど

but it's always tied to your credit cards 全部クレカに結びついてて

when you pay,

支払うとき

you get points because you spent money. ポイントが貰える

But in Japan, like with the T-card, でも日本ではTカード

you know, the TSUTAYA card, the T-card, TSUTAYAカードね

you can go to a place, you can scan your card, 使える場所でカードをスキャンして

pay with cash, you still get points. 現金で支払ってもポイントが貯まるんだ

It's like, 'What is that?' 「どういうこと?」って感じ

I don't understand that. 理解できない

Dude, I don't get it either, man. 俺にも分からないよ

It's really crazy, 本当にすごい

but people are like really into it here. 本当にみんなポイントに夢中だよね

Yeah.

And the thing that really blows my mind about this それで僕が本当に驚いたのは

is how many different kinds of points cards ポイントカードの種類がものすごく多いということ

Yeah. うん there are here. Yeah. It's like when I went to うん この前マクドナルドに行ったときとか Like with the US McDonald's the other day or something, アメリカでは they said, 店員さんに it's like, you kind of mentioned it, さっき言ってたように 'Point card omochidesuka?' with like they're mostly tied to credit cards. 「ポイントカードお持ちですか?」って聞かれて 大体クレカに結びついてて and I looked down Yeah. So it's not like 下を見たら うん だから and they had the D point, R point, DポイントとかRポイントとか the store will give you points. お店がポイントをくれるわけではなくて and the Edy points or something like that. The card will give you points. Edyポイント? クレカでポイントが貯まる I don't even know. Yeah. よく分かんないけど うん Is that Rakuten? And so like that's like the main avenue with it. 楽天のやつかな? それが基本だけど No, that's not Rakuten. But like here in Japan, いや違うか ここ日本では I don't know what that is. it's like, it's not uncommon to have like 何なのかは分からないけど 行く場所によって6枚とか8枚とか But it's just like these things six or eight different cards そういうのが色々あって 別々のカードを持っていることも珍しくない and it's like,

ポイントを貯めても

for different places that you go to.

okay, so we're gathering these points.

But what I'm thinking in my mind 僕が心の中で思うのは

is you're gathering all these points, こんなにポイント集めても

but they're spread so thin あちこちに分散してて

amongst all these cards.

It's like I have five bucks here こっちに5ドル

and five bucks there. あっちに5ドルみたいな感じなんだ

I would rather have ten bucks それより1枚のカードに

on one card than

five bucks here, five bucks there. 10ドルあるほうがいいなって思う

That's fair. 確かにね

What's it like at your house? オースティンの家はどんな感じ?

I would say そうだね

my wife and I tend to buy 妻と僕は ほとんどのものを

most of our stuff online. オンラインで買うことが多くて I don't think either of us 二人とも買い物にはあまり出かけないんだ

really go out shopping all that much.

The only exceptions, 唯一の例外で

like if we're going and getting stuff 娘のものを買いに行くときは

for my daughter,

we'll go to like Akachan Honpo. アカチャンホンポとかに行くから

And so we have a points card for that, right? ポイントカードもあるんだ

But like most of the stuff I buy でも僕が買うもののほとんどはAmazonで

is off Amazon and then

my wife will buy off Amazon 妻もAmazonとか

and then like a Japanese version of Amazon. 名前忘れたけど 他の日本の

I don't remember exactly what it is, オンラインショップを使ってる

but so it's like, だから

we have points associated with that, それ関連のポイントはあるけど

but it's very like focused.

そこにかなり集中してる

So I don't think we're the typical household. だから僕たちは一般的な家庭ではないと思う

Yeah. Coz it's.. そうだね

Yeah, it's just

you have like this obsession with points, 日本ではポイントに執着があるよね

you know.

And, you know, it's funny それで面白いことに

coz when my sister was here 数週間前に姉が遊びにきて

just a couple weeks ago,

when she visited me and we walked around, 一緒に歩き回ったんだけど

so where I live, 僕が住んでいるのは

I live in a new town, right? 新しいベッドタウンとか

I live in a bedroom community,

whatever you want to call it. まぁそういう系の場所で

Where there are lots of malls. ショッピングモールがたくさんあって

And they have nice play areas for the kids

そこには無料で使える子供用の

that you can use for free. いい感じの遊び場もあったりする

So we go to the malls a lot. だからよくショッピングモールに行くんだけど

I remember my sister Alex was saying, 姉のアレックスがこう言ってたんだ

'Yeah, you guys go to malls a lot. 「よくショッピングモールに行くんだね

Your life really kind of centers around malls, 生活がショッピングモール中心に

doesn't it?'
なってるみたいじゃない?」ってね

And then she said later on another day, それで別の日になって

she said,

'Man, Japan's really got materialism 「日本は完全に物質主義だね

kind of down pat.

There's ads for everything, あらゆるものに広告があるし

so much stuff about money, お金とかポイントとか

saving points, and buying cheap stuff.' お得に買うことに関するものが山ほどある」って

No, consumerism. It was consumerism. あ 消費主義だ 消費主義

Japan's got consumerism down pat アメリカと比べると日本は

compared to the United States, I guess. 消費主義がうまく作用してると思う

Yeah, I mean, I would agree with that. 僕もそれには同意だよ

I would say 日本は消費主義を完璧に実現してると思う

Japan has perfected consumerism, in my opinion.

Everything is monetized, すべてが金儲けに繋がってて

everything is advertised here, すべてが広告になって

and they're very, very effective at it. それがすごく効果的なんだ

Yeah, when I first got here, 僕が初めてここに来たとき

the thing that really shocked me 本当にびっくりしたのは

was when you go on the trains, 電車にある広告の数がとにかく凄まじいこと

just the sheer number of advertisements,

at least in Tokyo, right? 少なくとも東京ではね

You have..

Of course, so like in Seattle on the buses

もちろんシアトルのバスとか

and on the trains, 電車でも

you have the advertisements 隅っこに広告があるけど

in the corners up there, you know?

Now there are TVs on like the main lines in Tokyo, 東京の主要路線には画面もついてるし

you know?

But they also have them on the walls, 壁にも

they have them on the windows, 窓にも

and they have them on like the handlebar things 吊り革にも広告が貼ってある

that you hold on to.

So going back to our topic of money culture, それでお金の文化の話に戻ると

it's really interesting 日本で無駄だと考えられてるものと

what people view as wasteful in Japan 米国で無駄だと考えられてるものの

versus what they view as wasteful in the US. 違いが本当に面白いと思う

Okay. Yeah, I want to hear this. あぁそうだね 詳しく聞かせて

So I think it's really common 特にアメリカ人にとっては

specifically for Americans to view comfort 快適さのための出費は無駄ではない

based expenses as not wasteful. と考えるのが本当に一般的だと思う

Like, for example, what? たとえば何?

Here's an example. 例を挙げると

I ride the green car on the Tokaido line. 僕は東海道線のグリーン車に乗るんだけど

So the green car is like a luxury car. グリーン車は高級車両みたいなので

Get your own seat. 指定席があるんだよね

Yeah, you get your own seat, it's a recliner, そう リクライニングチェアの指定席があって

I mean, まぁ実際は

you're allowed to drink anywhere on the train, 電車のどこでも飲酒はしてもいいことになってる けど

but culturally, 文化的にも

it's acceptable to drink and snack 列車のそのエリアでは飲酒したり

and just kind of have your own space

お菓子を食べても大丈夫で 自分だけのスペースを

in that area of the train. 確保することができる

But it is expensive, right? でも高いんだ

It costs like 700 yen, 700円くらいだから

which is like four or five bucks 電車の切符に

on top of a train ticket 4ドルか5ドル上乗せする感じだね

to get access to this car. そうすればその車両に乗れる

And a lot of people here in Japan 日本人はそれがすごく無駄遣いだと

view that as very wasteful, right? 思ってるよね

Whereas I think Americans, でもアメリカ人に言うと

when I tell them that, they're like,

'Oh, you get your own space though. I get it.' 「まぁでも自分のスペースがあるんでしょ?

That's great. いいじゃん」ってね

Yeah. うん

Like,

「そうする理由はよく分かるよ

'Yeah, no, I totally understand why you do that.

Like, you don't want to be in a crowded train. 混雑した電車に乗りたくないし

You want your own little area.' ちょっとした自分のスペースがあるといいよね」

And it's like, 'Yeah.' っていう感じなんだ

And so like Americans will view that as like, だからアメリカ人としてはそれを

'Oh, it's expensive, 「まぁ高いけどね

but I'm working on でも自分のメンタルヘルスのために

having a space for my mental health. やってることだから

So it's a comfort expense, but it's fine.' 快適さのための出費だけど いいんだ」って

Whereas like something that I think 一方で

many Americans will not view as, or 多くのアメリカ人が無駄遣いと思うけど

many Americans will not view as...

or well, many Americans will view as wasteful

that I think many Japanese people won't 日本人はそう思わないこととしては is like selectively picking meats. お肉にこだわること

What do you mean? どういう意味?

So here like...

Do you have like little meat areas あなたの家の近くに

around your house? お肉コーナーある?

Yeah, yeah. うん

Do you go and try and choose いつも最高品質の肉を選ぶようにしてる?

the best quality meat all the time?

Or do you just kind of... それともただ...

I mean, so my wife does the shopping. 妻が買い物をするから

I don't know the details about that. 詳しい事は知らないんだ

Alright, fair enough. あぁそうか わかったよ

So we have like shopping centers around here, この辺にショッピングセンターあるじゃん?

right?

And instead of picking like それで 高品質のものを選ぶんじゃなくて

the highest quality stuff,

we'll usually pick for what tastes good, 僕たちはたいてい おいしいものは選ぶけど

but like.

高級なやつを買わないんだ

we won't really try to get premium stuff.

Okay. Yeah. あぁうん

And sorry, I'm a little drunk. ごめん ちょっと酔ってるな

I mean the exact opposite. 真逆のこと言っちゃった

Okay. Okay. あぁ逆ね

I mean the exact opposite. 真逆のことを言いたかった

We'll try to go get the premium stuff 僕たちは高級な肉を買うようにしてて

and we'll specifically go out of our way 特に味が良くて高品質なものを

to get like good tasting, nice high quality stuff. こだわって買うようにしてるんだ

Yeah.

うん

Whereas I think in the US, でもアメリカでは it's like, you kind of ただそこにあるものを買うだけって感じだと思う

just like go and just get what's available.

I mean, you'll get some people who are like, まぁWhole FoodsとかTrader Joe's

'Oh, I only shop at Whole Foods or Trader Joe's でしか買い物をしないし

and I only get premium stuff.' 高級品しか買わないって人もいるけど

But that's a very small percentage of people かなり少数派だよね

that does that.

Yeah. うん

Whereas I think the people 食べ物にこだわる人の割合は

who care about their foods,

there's a lot higher percentage of people アメリカよりも日本の方が

who care about their food in Japan than the US. ずっと高いと思う

That's true. そうだね

You know, it's funny that you mentioned that ちょうど思ったんだけど

because, you know, 別に姉のことを責める訳じゃなくて

I'm not trying to pick on my sister

because she reminded me of how a lot of things ただ僕はもうアメリカに住んでないから

in the United States are 姉が色々思い出させてくれるってだけで

coz I don't live there anymore.

But my mom was also like this too. 母も同じような感じだったんだけど

When they came over 2人が遊びに来た時

and we had a meal 僕たちが食べた食事には

that did not have meat or had very little meat. 肉が入ってないか ほとんど入ってないだかで

And my sister was saying, 姉が

'Where's the protein?' 「タンパク質ないじゃん」

Like,

'Oh, I want to eat some protein.' 「タンパク質を食べたい」って言ったんだ

And like, in the States, アメリカでは

it's very common to refer to meat as protein. 肉をタンパク質と呼ぶことはよくあって

Like on the menu,

メニューでもこう書いてる

'Hey, pick your protein. 「タンパク質を選んでください

You want chicken, pork, beef?' 鶏肉・豚肉・牛肉どれがいいですか?」ってね

It's like, it's not protein. でもさ タンパク質ではないよね

I mean, it is protein, but it's food, you know? まぁもちろん実際はタンパク質だけど

And I feel like in the United States, それ以前に食べ物じゃん?

people have really kind of boiled down food アメリカ人は食べ物を

to like science and numbers, 化学とか数字的に捉えるんだ

and so it's all the same, だから肉は全部同じって考えで

which is why, だから

'Hey, I can get more protein for a lower price. 「より安く より多くのタンパク質が摂取できる

So why would I care?' だからそれでいいじゃん」って感じ

You know, でも日本ではそうではない

whereas in Japan, it's not like that.

Yeah. So I think if you really simplify things,

そうだね だから本当に簡単に言えば

they're both comfort picks. どちらも快適のための選択だと思う

Riding the green car, グリーン車に乗るのも

picking really high quality food. 高品質の食べ物を選ぶのも

You don't have to do it. 別にそうしないといけないわけではなくても

You do it because it makes you feel better. 気分が良くなるからそうするってだけ

But it's interesting でもアメリカと日本で

what is considered as wasteful, 何がお金の無駄だと考えられているのか

waste of money compared to the US and Japan. その違いが興味深い

Yeah. I would say though, うんでもさ

I think in both cultures, どちらの文化でも

something that they have in common is that 共通しているのは

it's impolite to talk about money. お金について話すのは失礼だってことだと思う

Yes. But in different ways. うん でも違う意味でね Okay. I want to hear this. うん 詳しく話して

So, like, in the US, アメリカでは

it's okay to talk about your salary 同じ仕事をしていない人とは

with somebody who doesn't share 給料について話しても問題ない

the same work as you.

Specifically work in the same business as you. 同じ業界で働いている人以外だったらね

Like you know if you and I are talking, 例えば僕たちなら

it's like

「僕の給料はこれくらいだよ

'Oh man, you know my salary is this.

How much are you making?' 君はいくら稼いでるの?」みたいな

That will happen. 話をすることもあり得る

But something that you will never see is でも同僚同士が

two co-workers talking about their salary. 給料について話すことは決してない

Now though, でも今では

that's starting to change a little bit 少し変わり始めてるよ

coz people want to get paid more みんなもっと給料をもらいたいから

so they want to try to balance. バランスを取ろうとしてるからね

So the reason for that is その理由は

because salaries are a negotiable thing in the US, アメリカでは給料は交渉できるものだからなんだ

which they kind of are in Japan, 日本でもちょっとはそうかもしれないけど

but not really, right? そうでもないよね

It's very much like in most companies, ほとんどの会社では

you have a very fixed salary based off of your job 仕事内容と勤続年数に基づいて

and how long you've gone there. お給料が決まってるから

So pretty much everyone's getting paid the same. ほぼ全員が同じ給料をもらってる

And people are much more open だから日本では

to talk about their salaries here in Japan. 給料について話すことにもっとオープンなんだ

What is something that you think in Japan 日本であまり話したくない that people aren't really okay with とされてることは何?

talking about?

No, it's just, そうだね

I don't know. I feel like, なんだろうな

well, if you're talking with friends, 友達と話してるときは

then that's okay. 大丈夫だと思うけど

But just in general, you know, 一般的には

I don't really hear people talking about 自慢したいときとか

how much money something costs 本当に仲の良い友達と以外は

unless you're trying to brag or 何にいくらかかるかについて

they're with really good friends. 話しているのをあまり聞かない

Okay. うん

What I do remember is many years ago, 僕が覚えているのは何年も前に

I made a video about アメリカで話すべきではない話題

topics you should not talk about についての動画を作って

in the United States.

And one of them was その中の1つは

'Don't talk about money.' 「お金について話さない」だった

And a lot of people,

it was

宗教・政治・お金

'Don't talk about religion, politics, money,

and don't talk about someone's relationship status あとは他人とは恋愛ステータスについて

if you're a stranger.' 話さないことって内容で

Sure. そうだね

'Hey, are you married?' 「ねえ結婚してるの?」みたいなね

You don't talk about that. そういうのは言わないよね

And I remember I listed those four topics それで僕がその4つのトピックを挙げたら

and I got a lot of comments saying, 「あぁ日本も同じだ」

'Oh, it's the same in Japan.'

ってコメントをたくさん貰ったのを覚えてる

Maybe there's just a... もしかしたら...

Yeah. うん

It feels like a lot of those kind of 日本でも同じことが気がするけど

fall under the same in Japan,

but it just feels like 解釈が違うように感じる

they're interpreted differently, though, right?

We kind of mentioned where it's like, さっきも言ったけど

it's kind of okay to talk about your salary 日本では給料について話すのは

here in Japan, 問題ないけど

where maybe it's not okay 物の値段について話すのは

to talk about how much stuff costs. 良くないかもしれなかったり

Whereas like, in America, 一方でアメリカでは

it's the exact opposite. 全く逆で

People happily talk about, みんな喜んで

'Oh yeah, I paid like \$500 for this.' 「これに500ドルくらい払ったよ」とか話す

Yeah yeah, right. その通りだね

You know? でしょ?

People don't care about that. そのことは別に気にしてない

But... でも...

like something that I think of 僕がここで

when I like living here 暮らしてて思うのは

and I don't know if your experience is the same アーサーも同じかどうかは分からないけど

but I've noticed that ローンについては

people don't talk about loans. 話さないことに気づいたんだ

Yeah, that's true. そうだね

People don't talk about loans. ローンについて話さないね

So that's kind of weird to me それは僕にとってはちょっと変に感じる

because I think as strange as it is,

だって これもちょっとおかしいけど

I feel like Americans are very open アメリカ人はローンについて話すとき

when they're talking about loans. すごくオープンな気がするからね

Like, 例えば

'Oh yeah, I took out a loan to buy this car.' 「そう この車を買うためにローンを組んだ」とか

Yeah, right. うん

'I financed it.' 「ローンを組んだんだ」とかね

Yeah, 'I financed my house.' 「家のローンも組んだんだ」とか

I think it's like, Americans feel アメリカ人は借金について話すことに

very comfortable talking about debt. 全然抵抗がないみたい

Yeah, I think it goes back to うん さっきの借金の話につながるね

the whole debt thing.

This drives back to like 日本が貯金文化で

Japan very much as a saving culture.

And America is much more of a debt culture. アメリカは借金文化って話にね

And I think it's very common to pay in cash, 日本では現金で支払うことがすごく多い

not specifically paying cash. 現金とは言っても

When I use the term pay in cash, 文字通り現金って意味じゃなくて

I mean pay the full price for something here 代金を全額まとめて払う

in Japan. って意味ね

People will save up money 基本的に車を一括で買ったり

until they can basically pay off a car 家の金額の大部分を払えるようになるまで

or pay off a good chunk of a house. お金を貯める

I heard that, like, what? 聞いた話だけど

40% of Americans don't have enough money アメリカ人の40%は

in savings to pay for like a \$4,000 emergency 4,000ドル程度の緊急事態に対応できる程の

or something like that. 貯金を持ってないらしい

Yeah. I mean, I don't know, うん まぁ知らなかったけど

but that sounds right.

そんな感じだろうね

That means like 40% of Americans have それってアメリカ人の約40%は

less than \$4,000 in savings. 4,000ドル以下の貯金しかないってこと

Which I think in Japan, people save a lot more. 日本人はもっと多く貯金していると思う

I think that's true. だと思う

I think that's definitely true. 間違いなく

I think...

basically everyone I know 僕の知っている人の中で

outside of like people who aren't working, 働いていない人を除けば

has probably saved up about \$10,000. 大体みんな1万ドルくらい貯金してると思う

I think that's at a bare minimum. 最低限はね

Yeah, at a bare minimum. 最低限ね

I remember I was talking with 日本でホームステイをしていた時に出会った

an old acquaintance of mine

that I met him when I was doing homestay 昔の知り合いと話してた時

Wow. すごい here in Japan, Is he the guy I met at your wedding? And like, I don't remember how much オースティンの結婚式で会った人? 彼がいくら貯めたかは覚えてないけど Yes. He's been in Japan for like 55 years. he said he had saved up at the time, そう 彼は55年くらい日本に住んでて but it was like not close to that. 彼女の貯金からは程遠かった Wow. おぉ Coz like he's coming from kind of like だって彼は僕と似た境遇で Right? そう more similar to my background. I think it's 55. He's coming from like an English teacher 多分55年だったと思う 彼はアメリカから英語の先生として So he's been here for a long time. moving over from the US to Japan だからかなり長い年月日本にいて 日本に移住してきたからね And when he first met his wife, and she had saved up \$120,000 彼が奥さんと出会って それで彼女は12万ドルを貯めてたんだ so his wife is a nurse. 彼女は看護師なんだけど which a nurse job pays pretty well, まぁ看護師の仕事は結構いい給料貰えるけどね And when he first met his wife like it's a nice job and they got married 結婚して 共同銀行口座を開設して but like so basically you talk with her 彼女と話してみて and they decided to open up a shared banking and it was just like out 「何でそんなにお金持ってるの? and share all their finances, 資産を共有することになった時 'Why do you have so much money? Did you get this from your parents?' she had saved \$120,000.

彼女は12万ドルを貯めてたんだ

親からもらったの?」って聞くと

She's like 'No I just don't spend money.'
「いや ただお金を使わないだけよ」って

Yeah, right.

うん

And that's like such a weird concept それってアメリカ人にとって不思議な概念なんだ

for an American to really think about.

Coz it's like だって

we don't even..

I would say 日本人はアメリカ人より

Japanese people tend to travel more 旅行とかしてると思うけど

than Americans do.

But Americans, like our daily life, アメリカ人は日常生活で

we spend way more money. はるかに多くのお金を使うんだ

I feel like,

アメリカの生活費は確実に高い気がする

I think the cost of living in America

is higher for sure,

especially just going out to eat 特に外食するだけでも

is a lot more expensive. かなり高くつく I wouldn't even say 必ずしも生活費の物価の

it has necessarily, like せいだとは限らないと思う

much to do with like the cost of living

but just like the daily decision making. それより日々の意思決定の問題だと思う

Oh yeah yeah. あぁなるほどね

So like Americans 例を挙げると

I'll give you an example, right?

Americans going to Starbucks every day. アメリカ人は毎日スターバックスに行く

Going to Starbucks, スターバックスに行って

getting like these little things ちょっとしたスナックを買ったりする

like just buying snacks.

'You know what? I think I'm gonna buy a snack 「ちょっと帰りにお菓子を買おうかな」とか

on the way home.'

Like making those small decisions そういう小さい決断で

I think Americans tend to do a lot more アメリカ人は日本人よりも

than Japanese do. 全然多くお金を使うと思う

Well, that makes sense. 確かにね

Yeah, I agree with that. その通りだと思う

Yeah, it goes into this concept of お金を失うかもしれないから

I need to save enough money しっかりお金を貯めないと

coz I may lose my money, っていう考え方に当てはまると思う

so I need to save it.

Whereas in the States, it's like, でもアメリカでは

'Hey, got to use your money.'
「お金は使わなきゃ」みたいな

I remember someone said, 誰かが

'You need to make your money work for you,'
「自分のためにお金に働いてもらわないといけない」

And they were talking about って言っていたのを覚えてるんだ

putting it in investments, right? それはお金を投資に回すって意味だけど

Yeah, for a long time,

長い間日本にはアメリカみたいに

Japan didn't have a strong investment scheme

like they have in the United States. ちゃんとしたな投資制度がなくて

IRAs weren't a thing until recently. 最近までIRAもなかった

So you didn't really have much だから投資を強く勧められることは

of a push to invest, あまりなかったんだ

but now you're seeing that a lot more. 今ではもっと良く見かけるけどね

Yeah, and I feel like うんそれで

Americans tend to look at their money アメリカ人はお金を

as a form of fun. 楽しいものとして捉えてる気がする

Whereas I don't think that mentality 日本ではそういう考え方はないと思う

is shared in Japan.

So a perfect example of this is gambling. その分かりやすい例がギャンブルで

Gambling is huge in the US. アメリカではギャンブルが盛んで

You can go to casinos. どの都市にもカジノがあって

Like every city has casinos.

And you could make the argument that まぁ日本でもパチンコがあるじゃんって

Japan has gambling too with like pachinko. いう人もいるかもしれないけど

But really it's not. 実際あれは別物だよね

Yeah, it's the type of people who go to pachinko うん パチンコに行く人は

is like a set type of person. いつも決まったタイプの人だよね

Yeah, and it's like the mentality here is like, うん こっちでは

a person who goes to pachinko, パチンコに行く人は

they're kind of viewed as like

一種の精神疾患を患ってるみたいな感じで

having a mental sickness. 見られてる

Yeah, yeah. うん

Whereas like 一方で

you definitely have people ギャンブラーを病気とみなす人も

who look at gamblers

as having that sickness also, 確かにいるけど

but gambling I think ギャンブルは

is a lot more mainstream in the US 日本よりも米国の方が全然主流だと思う

than it is in Japan.

Like Las Vegas, for example. ラスベガスだって

Las Vegas is like easily アメリカで一番人気のある観光地の1つで

one of the most popular places to go to

in the US.

And that place is just known for gambling. ギャンブルで有名な場所でしょ?

Yeah, right. うん

Right? でしょ?

That's like the primary reason you go to Vegas ラスベガスに行く主な理由は

is just go gamble. ギャンブルをすること

Yeah. You know, I feel like, うん

we were talking about how this kind of 日本人の貯金癖はおそらく

Japanese saving mentality is from 戦後に資源が少なかったことから

maybe post-war stuff

when there was not so much, 来てるって話してたけど

so many resources, you know.

I feel like, アメリカ人が

why is it that Americans get in debt so much なぜこんなに借金をするのか

and why do you spend so much, なぜこんなにお金を使うのか

and I think it could come from, その理由は

we were talking about in the last episode, 前回のエピソードで話したように

maybe an entrepreneurial or frontiersman spirit 起業家精神とかフロンティア精神とかで

where, you know,

you go into business, ビジネスを始めて

you work for yourself, 自分のために働いたり

you invest money to build something. 投資したり

That mindset is much stronger, I think,

米国ではそういう考え方が

over in the United States. ずっと強いからだと思う

l agree. そうだね

So for me, 僕は

I do not go into debt unless it's for my business ビジネスのためでない限り借金はしない

because my business is an asset ビジネスは利益を増やす資産だからね

that will make more money for me.

I don't want to go into debt to buy a car. でも車を買うためには借金をしたくない

I'll go into debt to make more money ビジネスでもっとお金を稼ぐための借金をする

fot my business.

Yeah. うん

But that's just kind of それが

maybe that's why in the States アメリカ人が

people are fine with debt a lot more. 借金をそこまで気にしない理由だと思う

Yeah. うん

But then again, でも一方で

so many Americans are like drowning in debt すごく多くのアメリカ人が借金に溺れて

and they can't make their payments. 返済できない状態になってる

Yeah, it's really crazy うん

how you kind of have 借金を抱える人には

these two different versions of people in debt 2つの異なるタイプがある

because when you think of like rich people というのも お金持ち

and specifically like business billionaires 特にビジネスで億万長者とか

and millionaires, 百万長者になった人を見て

you don't think of them 借金をする人だ

as people who go into debt. とは思わないよね

But that's actually not true. でも実際はそうではない

They go into debt all the time. 彼らはいつも借金を抱えてる

They just know what they're doing.

ただ自分のやってることをちゃんと把握できてる だけ

Right?

And so... それで

You have that, but it's like それと同時に

at the same exact time

you have people, つい最近同僚と話してたら

I was just recently talking with a coworker

who was mentioning her student loans. 彼女が学生ローンのことを言ってて

Is she American Japanese? 日系アメリカ人の人?

She's American. アメリカ人

Okay. あぁ

Right? そう

And saying how it's like, それで

'Oh yeah, well, I've just kind of accepted 借金を完済することはもうできないって

that I'm never just going to pay those off.' 受け入れている」みたいなことを言ってた

Because they're so high. 借金の額があまりにも大きすぎるからね Yeah, you have a loan here, a loan there, うん そこら中に借金があって

Right?

maybe for a house, 家とか

She's making payments, 支払いをしても

maybe for a car and for school

車とか学校とか

その他色々ね

and it's like, realistically, 現実的に考えて

and for all these other things.

it's just going to take so long to pay those off 完済にはすごく長い時間がかかる

And it just adds another payment そうすると支払わないといけないお金が

that it's like, だから

that you have to make. 増え続けるんだ

she'll be paying for those forever, right? もう永遠に支払い続けることになる

I'm going to paraphrase this statistic この統計が正確に何だったか思い出せないから

And I feel like a lot of Americans share アメリカ人の多くがそういう考えになってると思う

because I don't remember exactly what it was, 大体のことを言うと

that same mentality

but the demographic of people 18 to 35, 18歳から35歳の人は

where it's like, I have medical bills 例えば医療費とか

I think the average person is like 平均15,000ドルから25,000ドルくらい

or I have student loans 学生ローンの額が高すぎて返済しきれない

\$15,000 to \$25,000 in debt. 借金があるらしい

and they're just so high

Man. まじかよ

that I'm just never going to pay these off. っていう感じ

> Yeah. Isn't that crazy? やばくない?

I just have to pay these the rest of my life. 残りの人生これを支払い続けないといけないって ね

Yeah. But then again, you know,

うん でもさ

it goes back to what you're saying before is that 先ほど言ってたように

in the United States, アメリカでは

people want to build their credit score みんなクレジットスコアを高めたいから

and so they want to seem responsible. 責任があると思われたくて

So they want some debt. 借金を欲しがるんだよね

Yeah. So yeah, うん

The idea of going into debt 自分自身をより良くするために借金をするって

for this like betterment of yourself

is like

you're proving to a bank 銀行に対して

that you're financially... 自分が経済的に...

Financially responsible. 責任感があるってこと?

No, it's not a responsibility thing. いや それは責任の問題じゃなくて

The bank will make money off of you. 銀行は金を儲けるためにそれをやってるってこと That's what I'm trying to say. それが言いたかった

That's the whole reason クレジットスコアが存在する理由はそれ

credit score exists

because banks do not want a person 銀行は顧客に

who pays off their debt immediately. 借金をすぐに返済して欲しくなくて

They want a person who makes payments お金は使うけど

but doesn't pay it off. すぐに完済はしない人を求めてる

Coz they get the interest. 利息を得るためにね

Coz they collect the interest. 利息を徴収するために

That's the whole reason それがクレジットスコアが存在する理由だよね

credit score exists, right?

But in the States, でもアメリカでは

people are chasing these credit scores 良いクレジットスコアを持っていると

because having a good credit score 住宅ローンの 金利が低くなる可能性があるから

can lead to a lower interest rate so talking about houses, クレジットスコアを欲しがるんだよね 住宅について言えば on your mortgage. because houses are like 誰もにとって一生で最大の買い物になるでしょ? Yes. うん houses are the biggest expense So instead of like 7%, you get 6%. pretty much anyone makes in their entire life, 7%が6%になったり right? Coz you're considered not a risky person. And in the States, リスクの高い人ではないとみなされるからね それでアメリカでは The bank is looking like, people see housing as an investment, それで銀行は 住宅が投資とみなされてるから 'Okay, we'll make money off of you.

So yeah, here's the loan.' だからどうぞ お金貸します」みたいな感じになる

Yeah. うん

But in Japan, you know, でも日本では

「よし 君から金を儲けよう

housing interest rates are like 住宅ローン金利は0.6%くらいだよね

0.6 % or something.

It's insane. やばいよね

It's funny because, you know, でもさ a high interest loan on that,

7%くらいの高金利ローンを

so they're willing to pay

喜んで支払うんだよね

like 7%, right?

Well, now it's 7%, I think. まぁ今は7%だと思う

But I remember in Japan, でも日本では

houses are depreciating assets. 住宅は価値の下がる資産だから

So I felt bad about getting...

I've been looking at buying a house and 今僕は家を買おうかと考えてるんだけど

I would feel guilty about buying a house 価値が下がっていくものに利子を払って

because I'm paying interest 大金を費やすことになるから

and spending so much money on a thing 家を買うことに罪悪感を感じてたんだ

that's going to depreciate in value.

And then でもそれで

when I looked at kind of the payment simulation, 支払いシミュレーションみたいなのを見たら

like let's say my house is going to be \$800,000. 例えば家が80万ドルになるとする

Let's just say that. 仮にね

If I pay \$100,000 upfront, 10万ドルを前払いすれば

my monthly payment on my loan 僕のローンの月々の支払いは

will be cheaper than by 3 man yen, only. たったの3万円しか安くならないんだ

And I'm like thinking, それで思ったのは

'Wait, so then I should take that down payment 「それなら頭金を取って

and I should invest that 投資した方がいい

because I'm going to get more back from that そうすればそのお金から by investing it もっと利益が返ってくるから

and I can pay the extra \$300 a month. 毎月300ドル支払うことができる」

You know? ってこと

That's just like in.. だからなんて言うか...

Yeah, it's just...

I don't know. 何だろう

So credit scores don't really matter here, 日本ではクレジットスコアはあまり重要じゃない

I guess. と思う

Yeah, it's kind of fun that you brought that up うん その話も面白いよね

because another thing that I think 日本でよくあると思うもう一つのことは

is really common here,

I don't know houses too much, 家についてはあまり詳しくないけど

but I do know that people will 車に関しては みんな中古車を買うってこと

usually buy used cars.

Buying brand new cars is

新車を買うのは

very uncommon here, right? すごく珍しいことだよね

And there's a reason for that. それには理由があって

It's you have to pay sales tax every year それが毎年消費税を支払わないと

on the car. いけないから

So it's like buying a brand new car, 新車を購入すると

you're going to be paying a lot higher tax 中古車を購入するよりも

than buying a used car. はるかに高い税金を支払うことになる

I think it probably has something to do 多分何らかの環境問題と

with some environmental thing, whatever. 関係があるんだと思うけど

But in the US, I think it's.. でも米国では

broadly speaking, ざっくり言うと

buying used versus buying new, 中古車か新車かで言うと

Americans will almost always try to buy new アメリカ人はほとんどの場合 可能であれば

if they can. 新品を買おうとする

Here's the thing.

でもさ

I follow this guy named Dave Ramsey 何があろうと借金反対派のデイブ・ラムジー

who is anti-debt, no matter what. って人をフォローしてるんだけど

So get a used car no matter what. 「何が何でも中古車を買いましょう」とか言って て

But seeing the other side of it, 反対側の視点から言うと

so the reason why 多くのアメリカ人が

a lot of Americans will buy a new car 新車を購入する理由は

is because, first of all, まず第一に

they don't buy cars, they lease cars, 車を購入せずリースしてるんだ

which means they use cars for about five years つまり車を5年くらい使って

and then they don't use it anymore. その後は使わなくなる

They pay X amount of dollars a month 5年間毎月一定額を払って

for five years to use it.

And then they trade it in その後下取りに出して

and they get another car, 別の車を手に入れる

they do the same thing 同じことを何度も何度も繰り返して

over and over and over,

making payments forever. 永遠に支払いを続けるんだ

And the car companies love that 自動車会社としては最高だよね

because they just rake in all the profit, right? 利益を丸々儲けられるからさ

But these people でも車を

who like to finance and lease their cars, ローンで買ったりリースするのが好きな人として は

they like it because いつも新しい車が手に入って

I always get a new car,

it's not going to break down. 壊れることはないし

or if it does break down, もし壊れても

it's probably under warranty or something.

おそらく保証期間内だったりで

I can get it fixed. 修理してもらえるし

It's a lot easier than a used car, いつ故障するか分からない

which who knows it might break down on you. 中古車を買うよりずっと楽なんだ

Which is kind of funny because でもアメリカ人はDIY精神が

Americans very much love the DIY mentality. 強いことを考えると意外だね

Do it yourself, yeah. あぁDIYね

Like do it myself. 「自分でやるんだ」とか

'Oh, I'm not going to hire a plumber. 「配管工を雇うつもりはない

I'm going to try and fix it.' 自分で修理してみる」とか

Or, you know, 「車が壊れちゃったから

'My car's broken.

I'm going to try and fix it myself.' 自分で直そうと思う」とかね

Whereas like Japan's like not about that at all. 日本ではそんなことは全くないけどね

Like even if you need to change your oil,

オイル交換が必要ってなった時ですら

like people will go to a mechanic 業者に交換してもらうし

and have them change.

I was just watching a video of like this girl ちょうど動画で

talking about how ある女の子が

'If we're driving on the highway 「高速道路を走ってて

and you need to change the tire タイヤ交換が必要になったとき

and I need to call my dad できないからって

because you can't do it, we're done. 父に電話するなんてことになったら 別れる

If you can't do basic car maintenance, 基礎的な車のメンテナンスができないなら

we're done.'

別れる」って言ってた

Oh, you're not a man in the US アメリカでは

if you can't change the oil 車のオイル交換とか

and change a tire on your car. タイヤ交換ができない人は 男じゃないよね

Yeah, right.

うん

That's literally step one それはまじで

of becoming a man in the US. 男になるための超初歩的なこと

Yeah, man. そうだね

It's crazy. やばいよね

Yeah, I had a friend who was really like that. 僕にも そういう友達がいたよ

So we practiced changing the oil on my car. 僕の車のオイル交換を練習したり

We changed the brakes on my car once.

一回車のブレーキを交換したこともあった

That was pretty cool. 楽しかったよ

Oh, dude, that's a little bit... おぉそれはちょっと...

Brake pads. It's not as scary as you think it is. ブレーキパッドね 思ったほど怖くないよ

Coz it's literally just turn it, 文字通りただ回して

take them off, put them on, 外して 付けて戻すってだけだからね

turn it back on again.

It just looks scary.

怖そうに見えるけどね car jack. ジャッキで I mean, fair enough. まぁ確かにね Okay. うん I mean, I've never done it. 僕はやったことない And so, それで I did break them though. でも壊しちゃったことはあるよ It's fine, don't worry. 大丈夫だよ You broke your brakes? ブレーキを壊したの? Okay. Bumped the camera. カメラにぶつかっちゃった It's a long story. 長い話になるけど So I was jacking up my car それでタイヤを交換できるように When I was in my 20s back in the military, 20代で軍隊にいた頃 to try and get it lifted 車をジャッキアップして持ち上げようとしてて I had a flat tire. タイヤがパンクして so I could replace the tire. Okay. So I got the tire off, うん それでタイヤを外したんだけど And so I was changing my tire and... but when I nudged it, タイヤを交換してたんだけど 軽く押したら my car jack that I was using I nudged the car so it slid off the jack. 僕が使っていたジャッキは 車がジャッキから滑り落ちて was not like a good car jack. And then the brake pad just ちゃんとしたやつじゃなくて ブレーキパッドが It was a very like shady. smashed into the pavement and shattered. すごく怪しい感じだったんだ 舗装に激突して粉々になったんだ

Oh, man.

まじかよ

I-bought-this-off-Amazon-from-a-Chinese-

「Amazonで買った中国製です!」みたいな

company

And so I was like, 'Sh*t.' だから「やからした...」って思ったよ Don't buy the cheap stuff. 安いものを買わないで

That's terrifying, man. 恐ろしいな Buy the real stuff, you know? ちゃんとしたものを買いましょう

So it was just like, 'God damn it.' 「ちくしょう」って感じで And that's actually, you know, それで

So I mean,

that's something

まぁ

僕がもっとやろうとしていることは

I eventually got it towed and replaced. その後は牽引してもらって交換してもらったけどね that I'm starting to try to do more is,

But yeah,

you know,

まぁそれが

I try to go with less 質の良いものを買う余裕ができるまで

so that's my experience with brake pads. 僕のブレーキパッドに関する経験だよ until I can afford to buy a better quality thing, できるだけ質の低いもので耐えよう

You got to be careful with those car jacks, man. 車のジャッキには気をつけないとね you know? ってこと

Dude, yeah.

Which...

そう

安いから買う

So... for those of you wanting to do 車でDIYをしたい人は I don't know, this whole idea of

DIY stuff with your car, get nice jacks. いいジャッキを買って下さいね like buy something because it's cheap. って言う考え方だね

And safe things. 安全なもの Because in the States まぁアメリカでも

You got to invest.

you do have buy it because it's cheap too, 安いから買うって考え方はあるけどさ

そこには投資しないとだめ

but.. I don't know.

I think we're kind of drawing to a close. そろそろ終わりに近づいていると思うけど

But one other thing that I really wanted to お金の使い方やお金に関することについて

just briefly talk about もう1つ軽く話したいことがあって

as far as like spending money

and just money related stuff.

The idea of like date night デートの夜とか外出して

or like going out and doing some social thing is 人と関わることをするって言うのは

I think a really integral part of American culture アメリカ文化の不可欠な部分だと思う

Yeah, date night with the wife. うん 奥さんとのデートの夜とかね

Yeah, date night with the wife, or like you know うん 奥さんとのデートの夜とか

we call it like hanging out with the boys, 男同士で遊ぶとか

you know 映画を見に行ったり

going to the movies

going and spending money during the week 平日にソーシャルイベントに

on some like social event

お金を使うのは

is like a really integral part of American culture アメリカ文化の不可欠な部分

you know even going like driving, right? ドライブに行くのもそう

So it's like going out and とにかくお金を使って楽しむ

for the specific purpose of spending money っていう目的のために出かけるっていうこと

and having fun.

Whereas I think in Japan, 一方で日本では

it's not like people don't do that, それがないって訳ではないけど

but it's not like integral to their daily life. 日常生活に不可欠なものではないと思う

Yeah. It's like a weekly thing in America. うん アメリカでは

Every week, you need to do something. 毎週のように何かしないとって感じだよね

And it's like, 居酒屋に行ったり

you'll see people go out

you know, to the izakaya.

Like it's really common 男性が仕事帰りなどに

for men to go out and drink, 飲みに行くのは

after work and stuff here in Japan. 全然普通のことだけど

But it's not like, 米国ほど

I would say it's not like 文化のアイデンティティに

really tied to the identity of the culture here 結びついているわけではないと思う

as much as it is with the US.

Yeah. It's like うん

you're not a good husband アメリカでは妻をデートに連れ出さないと

if you don't take your wife out on date night 良い夫とは言えないよね

in the States.

You don't do that? 「え デート連れてってないの?

Yeah. It's like レストランに行かなきゃダメだよ」みたいな

'You guys got to go out to a restaurant.

What are you talking about?' 「おいおい

Like go out and do something nice for, you know, どっか連れてってあげたりしないと!」 like that kind of thing. って感じ

Or like, you know, あと

Americans go to the movies. アメリカ人は映画をよく見に行く

Like I would say most Americans go to the movies ほとんどのアメリカ人は

at least once every two weeks, 週に1回でないとしても

if not once a week. 少なくとも2週間に1回は映画を見に行く

Really? To the movies? ほんと?映画に?

Yeah, to the movies. You don't think so? うん そう思わない?

Well, a movie takes like 20 bucks now, man. でも今は映画は20ドルくらいかかるよ

Oh, maybe nowadays. あぁ最近はそうかもしれない

Yeah, so back when I was younger, うん 僕が若かった頃は

we would go to the movies once a month. 僕たちは月に一回くらいは映画を見に行ってた

Yeah, it would be like 5 or 10 bucks. 5ドルか10ドルくらいだったよね

Yeah, now it's just too expensive. 今は高すぎる

That's fair. まぁそうだね

Yeah, but it is this kind of thing of, でもとにかく

'Hey, you know what? 「出かけて

We're just going to go out, お金を使って楽しい時間を過ごすだけさ」

spend some money, have a good time. みたいな感じだよね

Let's have fun.

Even if we have a ton of debt, 「多額の借金があるとしても

We're still going to be doing this.' この生活を続けるよ」って感じ

Yeah. I mean, that's another big thing is うん 貧しい人でもこれをやってる

like even poor Americans do this, right? ってのは もう一つの大きいポイントだよね

So I think

だからエピソードの冒頭で言ったように

like going back to what I said

in the beginning of the episode

where it's like a lot of Japanese people アメリカ人が移住してくるのを

see Americans coming over here and like

they're not necessarily financially responsible, 少なくとも日本人の視点から見ると

at least from the outside view 経済的に責任があるわけではない

of a Japanese person looking at them. ように思えることがある

It's like, 'Well, you know, that might be true.' まあそれは本当かもしれないねって思う

But it's also a different cultural thing. でもそれは文化的に違うからってこともある

They have more fun. もっと楽しんでるからね

Different values, you know? 価値観が違うんだよね

It's definitely different values. 間違いなく価値観が違う

But anyways, まぁとにかく

This is a good place to end. この辺で終わりにするのが良さそうだね

And this is our second episode in a row これは2回連続のエピソードだから

and I'm... 僕は...

You're feeling it? もう疲れた?

I'm feeling it. 疲れたよ

So I'll see you next time. また次回ね

I'll see you, man. またね